THIRD QUARTER 2024

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CERTIFICATION

The undersigned certify that we have reviewed the September 30, 2024 quarterly report of River Valley AgCredit, ACA, that the report has been prepared under the oversight of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements, and that the information contained herein is true, accurate, and complete to the best of our knowledge and belief.

/s/ Kyle M. Yancey Chief Executive Officer of River Valley AgCredit, ACA

/s/ David L. Richesin Chairman of the Board of River Valley AgCredit, ACA

/s/ Beth Barkley Chief Financial Officer of River Valley AgCredit, ACA

/s/ Tiffany Myers Member of the Board of Directors Chair of the Audit Committee of River Valley AgCredit, ACA

November 8, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

(dollars in thousands)

The following commentary reviews the financial condition and results of operations of River Valley AgCredit, ACA (Association) for the period ended September 30, 2024, with comparisons to prior periods. These comments should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements, notes to the financial statements and the 2023 Annual Report of the Association. The accompanying consolidated financial statements were prepared under the oversight of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors.

LOAN PORTFOLIO

The Association provides funds to farmers, rural homeowners and farm-related businesses for financing of short and intermediate-term loans and long-term real estate mortgage loans. The Association's loan portfolio is diversified over a range of agricultural commodities including corn, soybeans, poultry, and tobacco. Farm size varies and many of the borrowers have diversified operations. This factor, along with the numerous opportunities for non-farm income in the area, somewhat reduces the level of dependency on any single commodity.

The total loan volume of the Association as of September 30, 2024, was \$630,881, an increase of \$21,725 as compared to \$609,156 at December 31, 2023. This increase is due to new loan volume as well as additional operating needs of borrowers.

ASSET QUALITY AND LOAN LOSS RESERVES

There is an inherent risk in the extension of any type of credit. Portfolio credit quality continues to be maintained at an acceptable level and credit administration remains satisfactory. Nonaccrual loans decreased from \$4,374 at December 31, 2023, to \$3,415 at September 30, 2024. As a percent of total loans, nonaccrual loans were 0.54 percent and 0.72 percent at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. This decrease is a result of normal nonaccrual collections.

Other Property Owned (OPO) consists primarily of assets once held as loan collateral that were acquired through foreclosure or deeded to the Association (or a lender group) in satisfaction of secured loans. Traditionally, OPO is primarily in the form of real estate; however, it can also include equipment and equity interests in companies or partnerships. As of September 30, 2024, the Association held \$826 in OPO which was a decrease of \$469 from December 31, 2023.

Association management maintains an allowance for credit losses (ACL) in an amount considered sufficient to absorb estimated current and expected credit losses over the financial assets expected life. The most significant component of the Association's ACL is the allowance for credit losses on loans (ACLL). The ACLL at September 30, 2024, was \$2,112 or 0.33 percent of total loans compared to \$1,713 or 0.28 percent of total loans at December 31, 2023, and is considered by management to be adequate to cover estimated current and expected losses within the loan portfolio. See further detail on the Association's ACL within the Association's Annual Report and discussion of significant provision for credit loss within the *Results of Operations* below.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Association's primary source of funding is provided by AgFirst Farm Credit Bank (the Bank) in the form of notes payable. See *Funding Sources* section below for additional detail on this relationship. Prior to January 1, 2024, the rate applied to the notes payable to the Bank included the Association's allocation of technology and software services provided by the Bank. Effective January 1, 2024, the Bank amended the line of credit agreement to exclude the Association's allocation of costs for Bank-provided services from the Direct Note rate. The master service agreement was also amended to bill the Association for these services separately on a monthly basis. This

change had a minimal effect on the Association's net income but did result in a higher net interest margin as it effectively reclassifies the Association's technology and software costs paid to the Bank from interest expense to noninterest expense. If this amendment had been in effect during 2023, the Association would have had lower interest expense and corresponding higher noninterest expense of \$407 and \$1,179 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, as shown in the tables below.

		For	the th	ree months e	nded		For the nine months ended							
	September 30, 2024		Sej	otember 30, 2023	September 30, 2023*		September 30, 2024		September 30, 2023		September 30, 2023*			
Interest Income	\$	10,529	\$	9,272	\$	9,272	\$	30,408	\$	25,955	\$	25,955		
Interest Expense		5,363		4,795		4,388		15,121		12,714		11,535		
Net Interest Income		5,166		4,477		4,884		15,287		13,241		14,420		
Provision for Credit Losses		88		482		482		240		702		702		
Noninterest Income		1,364		1,160		1,160		4,229		3,335		3,335		
Noninterest Expense		3,506		2,947		3,354		10,188		8,934		10,113		
Provision for Income Taxes		29		16		16		58		39		39		
Net income	\$	2,907	\$	2,192	\$	2,192	\$	9,030	\$	6,901	\$	6,901		
	<u> </u>													
Net Interest Margin		3.30%		3.03%		3.30%		3.34%		3.08%		3.36%		
Operating Efficiency Ratio		53.69%		52.03%		55.27%		52.45%		53.92%		56.99%		

^{*}reflects the pro-forma results if the amended notes payable rate had been in effect during 2023

For the three months ended September 30, 2024

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2024, was \$2,907, an increase of \$715 as compared to net income of \$2,192 for the same period ended in 2023. This increase is primarily due to net interest income from additional loan volume as well as an increase in noninterest income, but offset by an increase in noninterest expense.

For the three months ended September 30, 2024, net interest income was \$5,166 and the net interest margin was 3.30 percent. After adjusting the prior year for the notes payable rate amendment discussed above, net interest income was \$4,884, an increase of \$282, and the net interest margin was 3.30 percent, which is equal to the three months ended September 30, 2024.

The provision for credit losses for the three months ended September 30, 2024, was \$88, a decrease of \$394 from the provision for credit losses of \$482 for the same period ended during the prior year.

Noninterest income increased \$204 to \$1,364 during the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared with the three months ended September 30, 2023 primarily due to a \$253 increase in loan fees and a \$60 increase in patronage refunds from other Farm Credit institutions. These increases were offset by a \$65 decrease in gains on other transactions and a \$44 decrease in fees for financially related services.

For the three months ended September 30, 2024 noninterest expense was \$3,506. After adjusting the prior year for the notes payable rate amendment discussed above, noninterest expense was \$3,354, resulting in an increase of \$152 for the three months ended September 30, 2024. Beginning in the third quarter of 2024, the Bank increased the cost of services provided to the Association and this increase resulted in additional expenses of \$251 for the three months ended September 30, 2024. Other increases were \$59 for purchased services not related to the Bank, \$53 for salaries and employee benefits, but offset by a \$75 decrease in Insurance Fund premiums, a \$65 decrease in data processing, a \$40 decrease in losses on other property owned, and a \$39 decrease in other operating expenses.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024

Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, was \$9,030, an increase of \$2,129 as compared to net income of \$6,901 for the same period ended in 2023. This increase is primarily due to net interest income from additional loan volume.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, net interest income was \$15,287 and the net interest margin was 3.34 percent. After adjusting the prior year for the notes payable rate amendment discussed above, net interest income was \$14,420 and the net interest margin was 3.36 percent, resulting in an increase of \$867 and a decrease of 2 basis points, respectively, for the nine months ended September 30, 2024.

The provision for credit losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, was \$240, a decrease of \$462 from the provision for credit losses of \$702 for the same period ended during the prior year.

Noninterest income increased \$894 to \$4,229 during the first nine months of 2024 compared with the first nine months of 2023 primarily due to a \$479 increase in loan fees, a \$213 increase in patronage refunds from other Farm Credit institutions, a \$146 increase in Insurance Fund refunds, and a \$106 increase in gains on other transactions. These increases were offset by a \$41 decrease in fees for financially related services.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 noninterest expense was \$10,188. After adjusting the prior year for the notes payable rate amendment discussed above, noninterest expense was \$10,113, resulting in an increase of \$75 for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. Beginning in the third quarter of 2024, the Bank increased the cost of services provided to the Association and this increase resulted in additional expenses of \$251 for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. There was also a \$221 increase in salaries and employee benefits, but this was offset by a \$215 decrease in Insurance Fund premiums, a \$155 decrease in other operating expenses and a \$43 decrease in losses on other property owned.

FUNDING SOURCES

The principal source of funds for the Association is the borrowing relationship established with AgFirst Farm Credit Bank (the Bank) through a General Financing Agreement. The General Financing Agreement utilizes the Association's credit and fiscal performance as criteria for establishing a line of credit on which the Association may draw funds. The Bank advances funds to the Association in the form of notes payable. The notes payable are segmented into variable rate and fixed rate sections. The variable rate note is utilized by the Association to fund variable rate loan advances and operating funds requirements. The fixed rate note is used specifically to fund fixed rate loan advances made by the Association. The total notes payable to the Bank at September 30, 2024, was \$512,825 as compared to \$494,821 at December 31, 2023.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

Total members' equity at September 30, 2024, was \$135,633, an increase of \$9,629 from a total of \$126,004 at December 31, 2023 primarily due to retained earnings. Total capital stock and participation certificates were \$4,979 on September 30, 2024, compared to \$4,905 on December 31, 2023.

FCA sets minimum regulatory capital requirements with a capital conservation buffer for System banks and associations. Capital adequacy is evaluated using a number of regulatory ratios.

The following sets forth the regulatory capital ratios:

	Regulatory Minimum Including			
	Buffer*	9/30/24	12/31/23	9/30/23
Permanent Capital Ratio	7.00%	19.00%	19.02%	19.35%
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital Ratio	7.00%	18.47%	18.48%	18.80%
Tier 1 Capital ratio	8.50%	18.47%	18.48%	18.80%
Total Regulatory Capital Ratio	10.50%	19.07%	19.12%	19.40%
Tier 1 Leverage Ratio**	5.00%	18.65%	18.61%	19.06%
Unallocated Retained Earnings (URE) and URE Equivalents	1.50%	18.35%	18.31%	18.75%

^{*}Include full capital conservation buffers.

If the capital ratios fall below the minimum regulatory requirements, including the buffer amounts, capital distributions (equity redemptions, dividends, and patronage) and discretionary senior executive bonuses are restricted or prohibited without prior FCA approval. For all periods presented, the Association exceeded minimum regulatory requirements for all of the ratios.

^{**}The Tier 1 Leverage Ratio must include a minimum of 1.50% of URE and URE equivalents.

REGULATORY MATTERS

On February 8, 2024, the FCA approved a final rule to amend its regulatory capital requirements to define and establish risk-weightings for High Volatility Commercial Real Estate (HVCRE) by assigning a 150 percent risk-weighting to such exposures, instead of the current 100 percent to reflect their increased risk characteristics. The rule further ensures comparability between FCA's risk-weightings and the federal banking regulators. The final rule excludes certain acquisition, development, and construction loans that do not present as much risk and therefore do not warrant the risk weight for HVCRE. In addition, the final rule adds an exclusion for loans originated less than \$500,000. On October 16, 2024, the FCA extended the implementation date of this rule from January 1, 2025 to January 1, 2026.

On October 5, 2023, the Farm Credit Administration approved a final rule on cyber risk management that requires each System institution to develop and implement a comprehensive, written cyber risk management program. Each institution's cyber risk plan must require the institution to take the actions to assess internal and external risk factors, identify potential system and software vulnerabilities, establish a risk management program for the risks identified, develop a cyber risk training program, set policies for managing third-party relationships, maintain robust internal controls and establish board reporting requirements. The final rule will become effective on January 1, 2025.

NOTE: Shareholder investment in the Association is materially affected by the financial condition and results of operations of AgFirst Farm Credit Bank. Copies of AgFirst's annual and quarterly reports are available upon request free of charge by calling 1-800-845-1745, ext. 2764, or writing Matthew Miller, AgFirst Farm Credit Bank, P.O. Box 1499, Columbia, SC 29202. Information concerning AgFirst Farm Credit Bank can also be obtained at their website, *www.agfirst.com*. Copies of the Association's annual and quarterly reports are also available upon request free of charge by calling (270) 554-2912, ext. 2020, writing Beth Barkley, Chief Financial Officer, River Valley AgCredit, ACA, 2731 Olivet Church Road, Paducah, KY 42001, or accessing the website, *www.rivervalleyagcredit.com*. The Association prepares a quarterly report within 40 days after the end of each fiscal quarter, except that no report need be prepared for the fiscal quarter that coincides with the end of the fiscal year of the institution.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2024	De	ecember 31, 2023
	(unaudited)		(audited)
Assets		_	
Cash	\$ 616	\$	618
Loans	630,881		609,156
Allowance for credit losses on loans	(2,112)		(1,713)
Net loans	628,769		607,443
Loans held for sale	_		1,890
Accrued interest receivable	10,893		9,227
Equity investments in other Farm Credit institutions	9,760		9,755
Premises and equipment, net	7,391		7,545
Other property owned	826		1,295
Accounts receivable	2,912		3,708
Other assets	219		132
Total assets	\$ 661,386	\$	641,613
Liabilities			
Notes payable to AgFirst Farm Credit Bank	\$ 512,825	\$	494,821
Accrued interest payable	1,727		1,769
Patronage refunds payable	700		5,015
Accounts payable	809		1,675
Advanced conditional payments	5,003		5,008
Other liabilities	4,689		7,321
Total liabilities	525,753		515,609
Commitments and contingencies (Note 5)			
Members' Equity			
Capital stock and participation certificates	4,979		4,905
Additional paid-in-capital	15,817		15,817
Retained earnings			
Allocated	61,417		60,887
Unallocated	53,420		44,395
Total members' equity	135,633		126,004
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 661,386	\$	641,613

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements}.$

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)	I	For the Thi Ended Sep 2024		For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 2023				
Interest Income								
Loans	\$	10,527	\$	9,270	\$	30,402	\$	25,951
Other	Ψ	2	Ψ	2	Ψ	6	Ψ	4
Total interest income		10,529		9,272		30,408		25,955
Interest Expense		5,363		4,795		15,121		12,714
Net interest income		5,166		4,477		15,287		13,241
Provision for credit losses		88		482		240		702
Net interest income after provision for credit losses		5,078		3,995		15,047		12,539
Noninterest Income								
Loan fees		388		135		1,033		554
Fees for financially related services		6		50		24		65
Patronage refunds from other Farm Credit institutions		960		900		2,815		2,602
Gains (losses) on sales of rural home loans, net		9		9		39		35
Gains (losses) on sales of premises and equipment, net		_				_		11
Gains (losses) on other transactions		1		66		172		66
Insurance Fund refunds		_				146		_
Other noninterest income		_						2
Total noninterest income		1,364		1,160		4,229		3,335
Noninterest Expense								
Salaries and employee benefits		2,081		2,028		6,399		6,178
Occupancy and equipment		140		132		417		418
Insurance Fund premiums		115		190		337		552
Purchased services		839		122		1,785		323
Data processing		(29)		36		121		136
Other operating expenses		386		425		1,176		1,331
(Gains) losses on other property owned, net		(26)		14		(47)		(4)
Total noninterest expense		3,506		2,947		10,188		8,934
Income before income taxes		2,936		2,208		9,088		6,940
Provision for income taxes		29		16		58		39
Net income	\$	2,907	\$	2,192	\$	9,030	\$	6,901
Other comprehensive income		_				_		_
Comprehensive income	\$	2,907	\$	2,192	\$	9,030	\$	6,901

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Members' Equity

(unaudited)

(dollars in thousands)	Sto Part	Capital ock and ticipation tificates	lditional -in-Capital	A	Retained llocated	ings allocated	Total Members' Equity		
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	4,881	\$ 15,817	\$	57,633	\$	38,264	\$	116,595
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle							4,572		4,572
Comprehensive income							6,901		6,901
Capital stock/participation									
certificates issued/(retired), net		35							35
Patronage distribution adjustment					(177)		(20)		(197)
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	4,916	\$ 15,817	\$	57,456	\$	49,717	\$	127,906
Balance at December 31, 2023 Comprehensive income	\$	4,905	\$ 15,817	\$	60,887	\$	44,395 9,030	\$	126,004 9,030
Capital stock/participation certificates issued/(retired), net		74							74
Patronage distribution adjustment	-				530		(5)		525
Balance at September 30, 2024	\$	4,979	\$ 15,817	\$	61,417	\$	53,420	\$	135,633

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(dollars in thousands, except as noted)
(unaudited)

Note 1 — Organization, Significant Accounting Policies, and Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Organization

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of River Valley AgCredit, ACA and its Production Credit Association (PCA) and Federal Land Credit Association (FLCA) subsidiaries (collectively, the Association). Descriptions of the organization and operations, the significant accounting policies followed, and the financial condition and results of operations for the Association as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, are contained in the 2023 Annual Report to Shareholders. These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the latest Annual Report to Shareholders.

Basis of Presentation

In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair statement of results for the periods presented. These adjustments are of a normal recurring nature, unless otherwise disclosed.

Certain amounts in the prior period's consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on the prior period net income or total capital as previously reported.

The results of any interim period are not necessarily indicative of those to be expected for a full year.

Significant Accounting Policies

The Association's accounting and reporting policies conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and practices in the financial services industry. To prepare the financial statements in conformity with GAAP, management must make estimates based on assumptions about future economic and market conditions (for example, unemployment, market liquidity, real estate prices, etc.) that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, income and expenses during the reporting period, and the related disclosures. Although these estimates contemplate current conditions and expectations of change in the future, it is reasonably possible that actual conditions may be different than anticipated, which could materially affect results of operations and financial condition.

Management has made significant estimates in several areas, including loans and allowance for credit losses (Note 2, *Loans and Allowance for Credit Losses*) and financial instruments (Note 4, *Fair Value Measurement*). Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For further details of significant accounting policies, see Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, from the latest Annual Report.

Recently Issued or Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2023-09 - Income Taxes: Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures. The amendments in this standard require more transparency about income tax information through improvements to income tax disclosures primarily related to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid information. The amendments in this standard require qualitative disclosure about specific categories of reconciling items and individual jurisdictions that result in a significant difference between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2025. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Association's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Note 2 — Loans and Allowance for Credit Losses

A summary of loans outstanding at period end follows:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Real estate mortgage	\$ 334,296	\$ 334,195
Production and intermediate-term	202,963	184,901
Agribusiness:		
Loans to cooperatives	1,330	1,385
Processing and marketing	21,012	22,148
Farm-related business	12,245	13,791
Rural infrastructure:		
Communication	11,678	9,791
Power and water/waste disposal	2,075	5,640
Rural residential real estate	34,646	25,250
Other:		
International	227	_
Other (including Mission Related)	10,409	12,055
Total loans	\$ 630,881	\$ 609,156

A substantial portion of the Association's lending activities is collateralized, and exposure to credit loss associated with lending activities is reduced accordingly. The Association may purchase or sell participation interests with other parties in order to diversify risk, manage loan volume, and comply with FCA regulations.

The following table shows loans, classified under the FCA Uniform Loan Classification System, as a percentage of total loans by loan type as of:

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Real estate mortgage:		
Acceptable	94.66%	96.52%
OAEM	2.61	1.63
Substandard/doubtful/loss	2.73	1.85
	100.00%	100.00%
Production and intermediate-term:		
Acceptable	91.23%	95.31%
OAEM	3.21	3.00
Substandard/doubtful/loss	5.56	1.69
	100.00%	100.00%
Agribusiness:		_
Acceptable	89.15%	79.70%
OAEM	4.81	14.31
Substandard/doubtful/loss	6.04	5.99
	100.00%	100.00%
Rural infrastructure:		
Acceptable	100.00%	100.00%
OAEM	100.0070	100.0070
Substandard/doubtful/loss	_	_
Substantial doubtful loss	100.00%	100.00%
Rural residential real estate:		
Acceptable	97.43%	97.48%
OAEM	1.45	1.94
Substandard/doubtful/loss	1.12	0.58
Substantial a doubtful 1035	100.00%	100.00%
Other:	100.000/	100.000/
Acceptable OAEM	100.00%	100.00%
Substandard/doubtful/loss	_	_
Substandard/doubtful/loss	100.00%	100.00%
	10010070	10010070
Total loans:		
Acceptable	93.61%	95.32%
OAEM	2.76	2.76
Substandard/doubtful/loss	3.63	1.92
	100.00%	100.00%

Accrued interest receivable on loans of \$10,893 and \$9,227 at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, has been excluded from the amortized cost of loans and reported separately in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The following tables provide an aging analysis of past due loans as of:

				Septe	embe	r 30, 2024				
	Through 89 Days Past Due	Days or lore Past Due	Т	otal Past Due	01	ot Past Due Less Than Days Past Due	7	Total Loans	More	Days or Past Due Accruing
Real estate mortgage	\$ 1,581	\$ 289	\$	1,870	\$	332,426	\$	334,296	\$	_
Production and intermediate-term	1,919	394		2,313		200,650		202,963		1
Agribusiness	873	130		1,003		33,584		34,587		_
Rural infrastructure	_	_		_		13,753		13,753		_
Rural residential real estate	186	285		471		34,175		34,646		_
Other	 626	-		626		10,010		10,636		_
Total	\$ 5,185	\$ 1,098	\$	6,283	\$	624,598	\$	630,881	\$	1

	December 31, 2023												
		Through 89 Days Past Due		Days or Iore Past Due	Т	otal Past Due	01	ot Past Due Less Than Days Past Due	7	Total Loans	More	Days or Past Due Accruing	
Real estate mortgage	\$	2,217	\$	1,446	\$	3,663	\$	330,532	\$	334,195	\$	_	
Production and intermediate-term		420		287		707		184,194		184,901		_	
Agribusiness		88		205		293		37,031		37,324		_	
Rural infrastructure		-		-		-		15,431		15,431		_	
Rural residential real estate		324		109		433		24,817		25,250		_	
Other		718		-		718		11,337		12,055			
Total	\$	3,767	\$	2,047	\$	5,814	\$	603,342	\$	609,156	\$	-	

The following tables provide the amortized cost for nonaccrual loans with and without a related allowance for credit losses on loans as of:

	September 30, 2024											
Nonaccrual loans:	C	mortized Cost with llowance	Co	mortized ost without Allowance		Total						
Real estate mortgage	\$	_	\$	1,489	\$	1,489						
Production and intermediate-term		244		172		416						
Agribusiness		1,215		10		1,225						
Rural residential real estate		_		285		285						
Total	\$	1,459	\$	1,956	\$	3,415						

	December 31, 2023											
Nonaccrual loans:	(mortized Cost with Ilowance	Co	mortized ost without Allowance		Total						
Real estate mortgage	\$	_	\$	2,452	\$	2,452						
Production and intermediate-term		392		131		523						
Agribusiness		1,350		(60)		1,290						
Rural residential real estate		_		109		109						
Total	\$	1,742	\$	2,632	\$	4,374						

The Association recognized \$64 and \$152 of interest income on nonaccrual loans during the three months ended September 30, 2024 and September 30, 2023, respectively. The Association recognized \$291 and \$393 of interest income on nonaccrual loans during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and September 30, 2023, respectively.

Reversals of interest income on loans that moved to nonaccrual status were not material for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and September 30, 2023.

A summary of changes in the allowance for credit losses is as follows:

	September 30, 2024		
Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans:	Ф	2.102	
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	2,103 (92)	
Charge-offs Recoveries		13	
Provision for credit losses on loans		88	
Balance at September 30, 2024	\$	2,112	
Balance at September 50, 2024	Φ	2,112	
Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments:			
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	_	
Provision for unfunded commitments		_	
Balance at September 30, 2024	\$		
Total allowance for credit losses	\$	2,112	
Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans:			
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	1,713	
Charge-offs	Ψ	(171)	
Recoveries		71	
Provision for credit losses on loans		499	
Balance at September 30, 2024	\$	2,112	
•			
Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments:	Ф	250	
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	259	
Provision for unfunded commitments	Ф.	(259)	
Balance at September 30, 2024	<u>\$</u> \$	2 112	
Total allowance for credit losses	2	2,112	
Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans:		ember 30, 2023	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	2,412	
Charge-offs Recoveries		(856) 62	
Provision for credit losses on loans		315	
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$		
•		1,933	
Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments:			
Delegge at Lyne 20, 2022	¢	1,933	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	1,933	
Provision for unfunded commitments		1,933 161 167	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	1,933 161 167 328	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses		1,933 161 167	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans:	\$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle	\$ \$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901 (4,701)	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023	\$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901 (4,701) 2,200	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 Charge-offs	\$ \$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901 (4,701) 2,200 (878)	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 Charge-offs Recoveries	\$ \$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901 (4,701) 2,200 (878) 108	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 Charge-offs Recoveries Provision for credit losses on loans	\$ \$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901 (4,701) 2,200 (878) 108 503	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 Charge-offs Recoveries	\$ \$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901 (4,701) 2,200 (878) 108	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 Charge-offs Recoveries Provision for credit losses on loans Balance at September 30, 2023 Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments:	\$ \$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901 (4,701) 2,200 (878) 108 503	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 Charge-offs Recoveries Provision for credit losses on loans Balance at September 30, 2023 Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments: Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ \$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901 (4,701) 2,200 (878) 108 503 1,933	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 Charge-offs Recoveries Provision for credit losses on loans Balance at September 30, 2023 Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901 (4,701) 2,200 (878) 108 503 1,933	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 Charge-offs Recoveries Provision for credit losses on loans Balance at September 30, 2023 Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ \$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901 (4,701) 2,200 (878) 108 503 1,933	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 Charge-offs Recoveries Provision for credit losses on loans Balance at September 30, 2023 Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 Provision for unfunded commitments	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901 (4,701) 2,200 (878) 108 503 1,933	
Provision for unfunded commitments Balance at September 30, 2023 Total allowance for credit losses Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023 Charge-offs Recoveries Provision for credit losses on loans Balance at September 30, 2023 Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments: Balance at December 31, 2022 Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,933 161 167 328 2,261 6,901 (4,701) 2,200 (878) 108 503 1,933	

Loan modifications may be granted to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. Qualifying disclosable modifications are one, or a combination of, principal forgiveness, interest rate reduction, or a term or payment extension. Covenant waivers and modifications of contingent acceleration clauses are not considered term extensions. Modified loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty and activity on these loans were not material during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. There were no material commitments to lend to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty whose loans have been modified at September 30, 2024.

Loans held for sale were \$0 and \$1,890 at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Such loans are carried at the lower of cost or fair value.

Note 3 — Investments

Equity Investments in Other Farm Credit System Institutions

Equity investments in other Farm Credit System institutions are generally nonmarketable investments consisting of stock and participation certificates, allocated surplus, and reciprocal investments in other institutions regulated by the FCA. These investments are carried at cost and evaluated for impairment based on the ultimate recoverability of the par value rather than by recognizing temporary declines in value.

Associations are required to maintain ownership in AgFirst (AgFirst or the Bank) in the form of Class B or Class C stock as determined by the Bank. The Bank may require additional capital contributions to maintain its capital requirements. The Association owned 1.77 percent of the issued stock and allocated retained earnings of the Bank as of September 30, 2024 net of any reciprocal investment. As of that date, the Bank's assets totaled \$46.6 billion and shareholders' equity totaled \$2.0 billion. The Bank's earnings were \$189 million for the first nine months of 2024. In addition, the Association held investments of \$455 related to other Farm Credit institutions.

Note 4 — Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

Accounting guidance establishes a hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements to maximize the use of observable inputs, that is, inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. The hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. A financial instrument's categorization within the hierarchy tiers is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The classifications of the Association's financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices in markets that are not active; and inputs that are observable, or can be corroborated, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable and supported by little or no market activity. Valuation is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, and could include significant management judgment or estimation. Level 3 assets and liabilities also could include instruments whose price has been adjusted based on dealer quoted pricing that is different than the third-party valuation or internal model pricing.

For a complete discussion of the inputs and other assumptions considered in assigning various assets and liabilities to the fair value hierarchy levels, see the latest Annual Report to Shareholders.

There were no Level 3 assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the periods presented. The Association had no transfers of assets or liabilities into or out of Level 1 or Level 2 during the periods presented.

Fair values are estimated at each period end date for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The following tables summarize assets measured at fair value at period end.

	September 30, 2024								
		Fair Value Measurement Using						Total Fair	
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Value	
Recurring assets Assets held in trust funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	
Nonrecurring assets Nonaccrual loans Other property owned	\$ \$		\$ \$	_	\$ \$	1,140 1,348	\$ \$	1,140 1,348	

	December 31, 2023							
		Fair Value Measurement Using						Total Fair
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Value
Recurring assets Assets held in trust funds	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Nonrecurring assets								
Nonaccrual loans	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,418	\$	1,418
Other property owned	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,817	\$	1,817

Valuation Techniques

Assets held in trust funds

Assets held in trust funds, related to deferred compensation plans, are classified as Level 1. The trust funds include investments in securities that are actively traded and have quoted net asset value prices that are directly observable in the marketplace.

Nonaccrual loans

Fair values of nonaccrual loans are estimated to be the carrying amount of the loan less specific reserves. Certain loans evaluated for impairment under FASB guidance have fair values based upon the underlying collateral, as the loans were collateral-dependent. Specific reserves were established for these loans when the value of the collateral, less estimated cost to sell, was less than the principal balance of the loan. The fair value measurement process uses independent appraisals and other market-based information, but in many cases it also requires significant input based on management's knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the collateral and other matters, and are therefore classified as Level 3.

Other property owned

For other property owned, the fair value is generally determined using formal appraisals of each individual property. These assets are held for sale. Costs to sell represent transaction costs and are not included as a component of the fair value of other property owned. If the process uses observable market-based information, the assets are classified as Level 2. If the process requires significant input based upon management's knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the property and other matters, the assets are classified as Level 3.

Note 5 — Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

From time to time, legal actions are pending against the Association in which claims for money damages are asserted. On at least a quarterly basis, the Association assesses its liabilities and contingencies in connection with outstanding legal proceedings utilizing the latest information available. While the outcome of legal proceedings is inherently uncertain, on the basis of information presently available, management, after consultation with legal counsel, is of the opinion that the ultimate liability, if any, from these actions, would not be material in relation to the financial position of the Association. Because it is remote that the Association will incur a loss or the loss is not estimable, no liability has been recorded for any claims that may be pending.

Note 6 — Subsequent Events

The Association evaluated subsequent events and determined there were none requiring disclosure through November 8, 2024, which was the date the financial statements were issued.